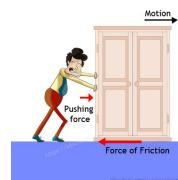


FORCES



Key Knowledge

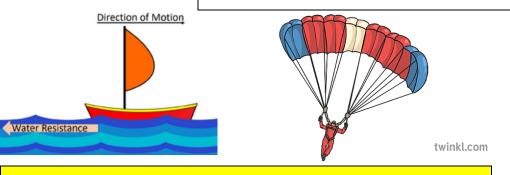
Forces: can make an object start to move, stop moving, change direction, move faster, change its shape and move more slowly.

Mass: how much matter is in an object and is measured in KG.

Weight: is how strongly gravity is pulling an object down. It is measured in Newtons.

Examples of forces

Water resistance and air resistance are forms of friction. Friction is sometimes helpful and sometimes unhelpful. For example, air resistance is helpful as it stops the skydiver hitting the ground at high speed. Friction on a bike chain can make the bike harder to pedal so it is unhelpful.



Pulleys, gears/cogs, levers

Pulleys: Pulleys can be used to make a small **force** lift a heavier load. The more **wheels** in a pulley, the less **force** is needed to **lift** a **weight**.

Gears/cogs: Gears or cogs can be used to change the speed, **force** or direction of a motion. When two gears are connected, they always turn in the opposite direction to each other.

Levers: Levers can be used to make a small **force** lift a heavier load. A lever always rests on a pivot.

Isaac Newton: famously thought to have developed the theory of gravity when he saw an apple fall to the ground from a tree.



Forces: pushes and pulls

Gravity: A pulling force exerted by the Earth (or anything else which has mass)

Useful Vocabulary

Earth's gravitational pull: The pull that Earth exerts on an object, pulling it towards Earth's centre. It is the Earth's gravitational pull which keeps us on the ground

Weight: The measure of the force of gravity on an object

Mass: A measure of how much matter (or 'stuff') is inside an object.

Friction: A force that acts between two surfaces or objects that are moving, or trying to move, across each other

Air resistance: A type of friction caused by air pushing against any moving object

Water resistance: A type of friction caused by water pushing against any moving object

Buoyance: An object is buoyant if it floats. This is because the weight of the bject is equal to the upthrust